## **Product Brief**

**Network Connectivity** 



## Intel® Ethernet X520 Server Adapters

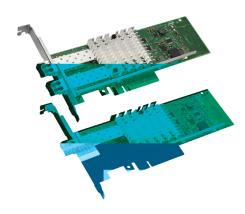
Dual- and Single-Port 10 Gigabit Ethernet Server Adapters Provide Ultimate Flexibility and Scalability in Virtual and Unified Storage Environments

Intel's new family of Intel® Ethernet X520 Server Adapters are the most flexible and scalable Ethernet adapters for today's demanding data center environments. Data center networks are being pushed to their limits. The escalating deployments of servers with multi-core processors and demanding applications such as High Performance Computing (HPC), database clusters, and video-on-demand are driving the need for 10 Gigabit connections. Customers require flexible and scalable I/O solutions to meet the rigorous requirements of running mission-critical applications in virtualized and unified storage environments.

Powered by Intel's third-generation 10 GbE network controller, the Intel® Ethernet 82599 10 Gigabit Ethernet Controller, the X520 server adapter family addresses the demanding needs of the next-generation data center by providing unmatched features for virtualization, flexibility for LAN and SAN networking, and proven, reliable performance.

The explosive growth in virtualization is leading to an increasing demand for network performance. With more Virtual Machines (VMs) running on each multi-core server, networking traffic is dramatically increased with each VM competing for available I/O bandwidth. Intel's new family of Intel Ethernet X520 Server Adapters addresses networking bottlenecks in virtualized environments. These new adapters enable network-intensive applications to achieve the performance expected in a virtualized environment.

The Intel Ethernet X520 family of server adapters provides the best networking performance available in the industry, whether the physical port is configured in an emulation mode using the virtual switch in the Virtual Machine Monitor (VMM), or is directly assigned to a virtual machine. In the emulation mode, Intel's I/O technology, Virtual Machine Device queues¹ (VMDq) optimizes network performance by offloading data sorting and copying from the software Virtual Switch in the VMM to the Intel Ethernet 82599 10 Gigabit Controller. This configuration is best suited for a large number of VMs running standard applications that have limited bandwidth and latency requirements.



For mission-critical applications, where dedicated I/O is required for maximum network performance, users can assign a dedicated virtual adapter port to a VM. Using another Intel technology, Virtual Machine Direct Connect (VMDc), on an Intel Ethernet X520 server adapter provides direct VM connectivity and data protection across VMs. VMDc technology allows the data to bypass the software virtual switch and provides near-native performance. It assigns either physical or virtual I/O ports to individual VMs directly. This technology is best suited for applications that demand the highest I/O throughput and lowest latency performance such as database, storage, financial and other applications.

VMDc uses the PCI-SIG SR-IOV capability which is a mechanism for devices to advertise their ability to be directly assigned to multiple virtual machines. SR-IOV allows for the partitioning of a PCI function into many virtual interfaces for the purpose of sharing the resources of a PCI Express\* (PCIe) device in a virtual environment. These virtual interfaces are called Virtual Functions. Each virtual function can support a unique and separate data path for I/O-related functions within the PCI Express hierarchy. Use of SR-IOV with a networking device, for example, allows the bandwidth of a single port (function) to be partitioned into smaller slices that may be allocated to specific VMs, or guests, via a standard interface.

The Intel Ethernet X520 family of server adapters delivers the same functionality and throughput as ten dual-port, one Gigabit adapters, saving cost, power, and complexity. For more information on virtualization please go to <a href="https://www.intel.com/go/vtc">www.intel.com/go/vtc</a>.

The family of Intel Ethernet X520 server adapters lowers your data center total cost of ownership (TCO) by providing the ability to route LAN and SAN traffic over a single fabric.

The family of X520 server adapters include a number of advanced features that allow it to provide industry-leading performance and reliability.

FCoE encapsulates Fiber Channel frames over standard Ethernet networks, enabling Fiber Channel to take advantage of 10 GbE networks while preserving its native protocol. The X520 server adapters offer FCoE hardware acceleration to provide performance comparable to FC HBAs. The new server adapters support Data Center Bridging, also known as Converged Enhanced Ethernet (CEE), which allows customers to configure traffic classes and priorities to deliver a lossless Ethernet fabric. An Intel Ethernet X520 server adapter reduces TCO by eliminating redundant fabrics and saves the cost of expensive FC HBAs and FC switch ports.

The adapters support IPsec offload for Microsoft's Network Access Protection (NAP), Active Directory,\* and future security capabilities in Windows\* 7. An X520 server adapter allows customers to run a secure network environment without sacrificing performance.

The server adapters provide complete support for proven native OS and VMM iSCSI initiators as well as iSCSI boot. Historically, CRC32C computation has degraded system performance, but now with the CRC instruction set included in the latest Intel® Xeon® processors, CRC validation is possible with minimal impact to network throughput while delivering superior data integrity.

PCle v2.0 (5 GT/s) support enables customers to take full advantage of 10 GbE by providing a maximum of 20 Gbps bi-directional throughput per port on a single dual port card.

The new Intel Ethernet family of X520 server adapters do it all: 10 Gigabit LAN, FCoE, and iSCSI; truly delivering on the promise of unified networking.

Support for technologies such as Intel® QuickData, multiple MSI-X vectors, and Low Latency Interrupts allow the X520 server adapters to provide high-performance, 10 Gigabit connectivity in multi-core server blades. These technologies distribute network processing across multiple CPU cores, improving overall performance.

For today's demanding virtualized data center environments, the new family of X520 server adapters deliver ultimate flexibility and scalability.

* 82599 10 Gigabit Ethernet Controller Industry-leading, energy-efficient design for next-generation 10 Gigabit performance and multi-core processors			
Low-profile	Enables higher bandwidth and throughput from standard and low-profile PCle slots and servers		
Load balancing on multiple CPUs	Increases performance on multi-processor systems by efficiently balancing network loads across CPU cores		

Tx/Rx IP, SCTP, TCP, and UDP checksum offloading (IPv4, IPv6) capabilities	<ul> <li>Lower processor usage</li> <li>Checksum and segmentation capability extended to new standard packet type</li> </ul>		
Tx TCP segmentation offload (IPv4, IPv6)	<ul> <li>Increased throughput and lower processor usage</li> <li>Compatible with large-send offload feature (in Microsoft Windows* Server operating systems)</li> </ul>		
Receive and Transmit Side Scaling for Windows environment and Scalable I/O for Linux* environments (IPv4, IPv6, TCP/UDP)	This technology enables the direction of the interrupts to the processor cores in order to improve the CPU utilization rate		
IPsec Offload	<ul> <li>Offloads IPsec capability onto the adapter instead of the software to significantly improve I/O throughput and CPU usage (for Windows* 2008 Server and Vista*)</li> </ul>		
LinkSec	<ul> <li>IEEE spec: 802.1ae</li> <li>Layer 2 data protection that provides encryption and authentication ability between two individual devices (routers, switches, etc.)</li> <li>LinkSec is designed into the network adapter hardware. These adapters are prepared to provide LinkSec functionality when the ecosystem is ready to support this new technology</li> </ul>		
VMDq	<ul> <li>Offloads the data-sorting functionality from the Hypervisor to the network silicon, improving data throughput and CPU usage</li> <li>Provides QoS feature on the Tx data by providing round-robin servicing and preventing head-of-line blocking</li> <li>Sorting based on MAC addresses and VLAN tags</li> </ul>		
Next-Generation VMDq1 (64 queues per port)	<ul> <li>Enhanced QoS feature by providing weighted round-robin servicing for the Tx data</li> <li>Provides loopback functionality, where data transfer between the virtual machines within the same physical server need not go out to the wire and come back in, improving throughput and CPU usage</li> <li>Supports replication of multicast and broadcast data</li> </ul>		
PC-SIG SR-IOV Implementation (64 virtual functions per port)	<ul> <li>Provides an implementation of the PCI-SIG standard for I/O Virtualization. The physical configuration of each port is divided into multiple virtual ports. Each virtual port is assigned to an individual virtual machine directly by bypassing the virtual switch in the Hypervisor, resulting in near-native performance</li> <li>Integrated with Intel* VTI for Directed I/O (VT-d) to provide data protection between virtual machines by assigning separate physical addresses in the memory to each virtual machine</li> </ul>		
IPv6 Offloading	• Checksum and segmentation capability extended to the new standard packet type		
Advanced Packet Filtering	<ul> <li>24 exact-matched packets (unicast or multicast)</li> <li>4096-bit hash filter for unicast and multicast frames</li> <li>Lower processor usage</li> <li>Promiscuous (unicast and multicast) transfer mode support</li> <li>Optional filtering of invalid frames</li> </ul>		
VLAN support with VLAN tag insertion, stripping and packet filtering for up to 4096 VLAN tags	Ability to create multiple VLAN segments		
Preboot eXecution Environment (PXE) Support	Enables system boot up via the LAN (32-bit and 64-bit)     Flash interface for PXE image		
Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) and Remote Network Monitoring (RMON) Statistic Counters	Easy system monitoring with industry-standard consoles		
iSCSI Boot	<ul><li>Enables system boot up via iSCSI</li><li>Provides additional network management capability</li></ul>		
Watchdog Timer	Gives an indication to the manageability firmware or external devices that the chip or the driver		

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	E10G41BFSR – Intel® Ethernet Server Adapter X520-SR1 E10G42BFSR – Intel® Ethernet Server Adapter X520-SR2	Data rate supported per port:  • Optical: 1 GbE/10 GbE • Direct Attach: 10 GbE				
	E10G41BFLR - Intel® Ethernet Server Adapter X520-LR1 E10G42BTDA - Intel® Ethernet Server Adapter X520-DA2	Bus type	PCI Express 2.0	PCI Express 2.0 (5 GT/s)		
Connectors	One or two LC fiber-optic connectors	Bus width	4-lane PCI Express and 8-lane PCI Express			ess
	SFP+ Direct Attach cables (E10G42BTDA)	Interrupt levels	INTA, MSI, MSI-X			
Physical Layer Interface	IEEE 802.3: 10GBASE-SR (E10G41BFSR, E10G42BFSR) 10GBASE-LR (E10G41BFLR)	Hardware certifications	FCC B, UL, CE, \	/CCI, BSMI, CTICk	K, KCC	
		Controller-processor	Intel* 82599			
	SFF-8431: 10GSFP+Cu (a.k.a. Direct Attach) (E10G42BTDA)	Typical power consumption SKU Dual-port 10GBASE-SR/100C Dual-port Direct Attached Single-port 10GBASE-SR/10C	DBASE-SX DOBASE-SX	10.7 W 8.6 W 8.0 W	1	cal Power 0.0 W 7.9 W 5.7 W
Intel® PROSet Utility	For easy configuration and management	Single-port 10GBASE-LR/100				D./ W
Plug and play specification support	Standard	Operating temperature		0° C to 55° C (32° F to 131° F)		
Receive Side Scaling	Multiple Rx queues enable the efficient distribution of network receive processing	Air Flow Minimum of 100 LFM required				
	across multiple CPUs in multiprocessor systems	Storage temperature	-40° C to 70° C (-40° F to 158° F)  90% non-condensing relative humidity at 35° C			
Direct Cache Access (DCA)	The I/O device activates a pre-fetch engine in the	Storage humidity				at 35, C
	CPU that loads the data into the CPU cache ahead of time, before use, eliminating cache misses and reducing CPU load	LED Indicators	LINK (solid) and ACTIVITY (blinking) LINK SPEED (green = 10G / yellow = 1G)			
		Low-profile PCI Express	573 inches lon	ng, measured wit	hout PC	l bracket
Adapter fault tolerance (AFT)	•	EOW Profile r crexpress	3.7 3 Inches for	ig, measured wit		1 Brocket
Switch fault tolerance (SFT)	•					
Adaptive load balancing (ALB)	•					
Teaming support	•					
IEEE 802.3ad (link aggregation control protocol)	•	No decire Viete + CD2				N1/A
Test switch configuration	•	Windows Vista* SP2				N/A
PCle Hot Plug*/Active peripheral	•	Windows Server* 2003 SP2 Windows Server 2008 SP2		•		•
component interconnect (PCI)	•	Windows Server 2008 SP2 Core				N/A
IEEE 802.1Q* VLANs IEEE 802.3 2005* flow	<u>.                                    </u>	Linux* Stable Kernel version 2.6				•
control support		Linux RHEL 4.7				N/A
Tx/Rx IP, TCP, & UDP checksum offloading (IPv4, IPv6) capabilities (Transmission control protocol (TCP), user datagram protocol (UDP), Internet protocol (IP)	•	Linux RHEL 5.3				
		Linux SLES 10 SP2				
		Linux SLES 11				•
IEEE 802.1p*	•	FreeBSD* 7.0				•
TCP segmentation/	<u>.</u>	EFI* 1.1		N.		•
large send offload		UEFI* 2.1		IN		÷
MSI-X supports Multiple Independent Queues	•	<u> </u>			-	-
Interrupt moderation	•					
IPv6 offloading — Checksum and segmentation capability extended to new standard packet type		To see the full line PCI Express, visit v				

## <sup>1</sup>VMDq requires a virtualization operating system that supports VMDq.

<sup>2</sup>Lead and other materials banned in EU RoHS Directive are either (1) below all applicable substance thresholds or (2) an approved exemption applies.

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